AB 705 Data

Dr. Milena Angelova

• Office of Institutional Planning, Research, and Effectiveness

February 10, 2023





AB 705 in Equity Work!

- 1. Throughput Rates
- 2. Equity in Throughput Rates
- 3. Course Success Rate Comparison
- 4. Course Taking Patterns

Equality



The assumption is that everyone benefits from the same supports. This is equal treatment.

Equity



Everyone gets the supports they need (this is the concept of "affirmative action"), thus producing equity.

Justice



All 3 can see the game without supports or accommodations because the cause(s) of the inequity was addressed.

The systemic barrier has been removed.

Gratitude and Appreciation

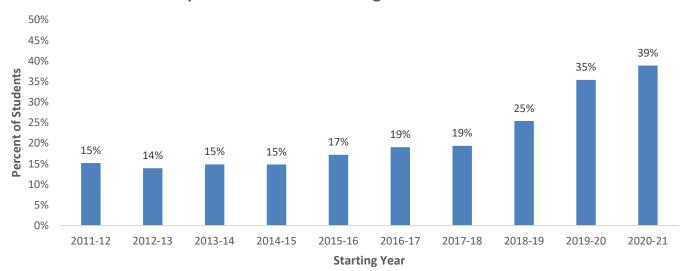


Many thanks to Dr. Layheng Ting for putting time an efforts to provide the majority of the English and Math course data!

Throughput in Transfer-Level Math or English Courses



Completed Transfer-Level English in the First Year



Throughput in Transfer Level English increased by 14% points between 2018-19 and 2020-21.

Throughput in Transfer- Level Math increased by 8% points between 2018-19 and 2020-21

Completed Transfer-Level Math in the First Year



Source: CCCCO Student Success Metrics

Throughput in Transfer-Level Math and English Courses



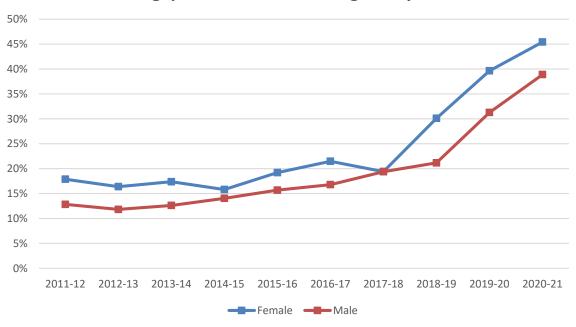
Completed Both Transfer-Level Math and English in the First Year 50% 45% 40% 35% 30% 25% 19% 18% **a** 15% 12% 10% 5% 5% 5% 0% 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2015-16 **Starting Year**

Throughput in Transfer-Level Math and English Courses increased by 8% points between 2018-19 and 2020-21

EQUITY IN TRANSFER-LEVEL ENGLISH THROUGHPUT: BY GENDER



Throughput in Transfel-Level English: By Gender

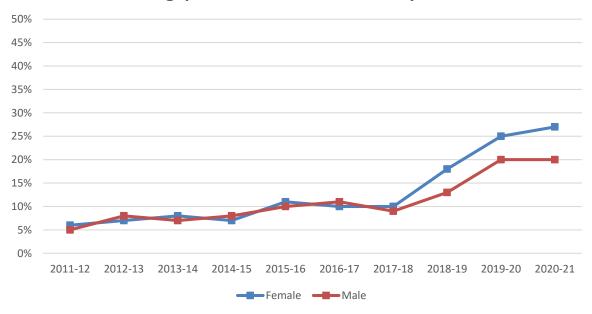


- Female students have higher throughput rates than male students-largest difference being 9% points
- ➤ After the implementation of AB 705 the transfer-level English throughput increased for both genders

EQUITY IN TRANSFER-LEVEL MATH THROUGHPUT: BY GENDER



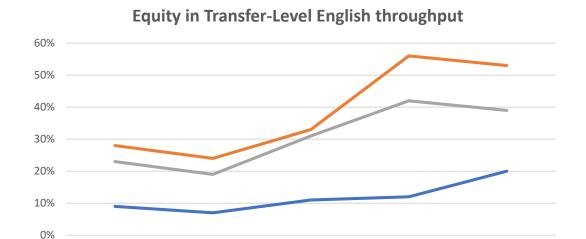
Throughput in Transfer-Level Math: By Gender



- Throughput in transfer-level math courses increased for both genders
- ➤ Gap in throughput after 2017-18

EQUITY IN TRANSFER-LEVEL MATH AND ENGLISH THROUGHPUT BY ETHNICITY





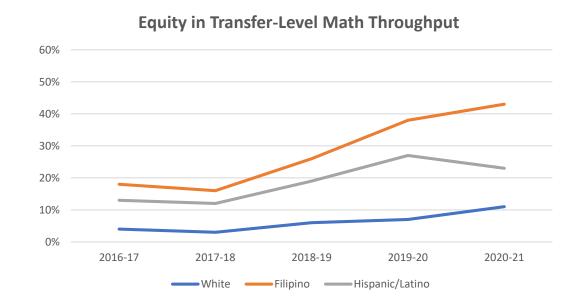
2018-19

English Filipino

2019-20

English Hispanic/Latino

2020-21

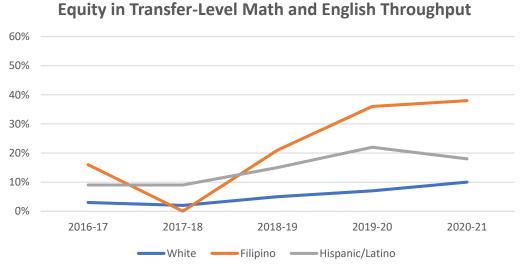


On average throughput increased for Filipino (except for English) and White students groups

English White

2017-18

2016-17

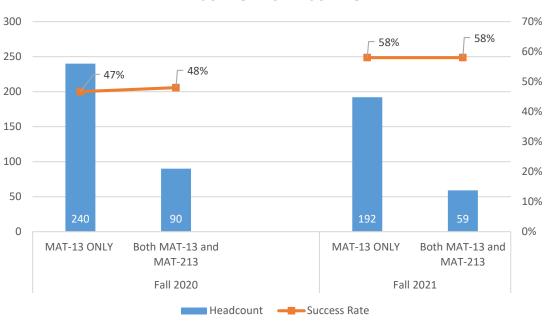


➤ On average throughput of Hispanic/Latino students decreased by 4% points between 2019-20 and 2020-21.

MATH 13 VS. MATH 13 WITH MATH 213: HEADCOUNT & SUCCESS RATES







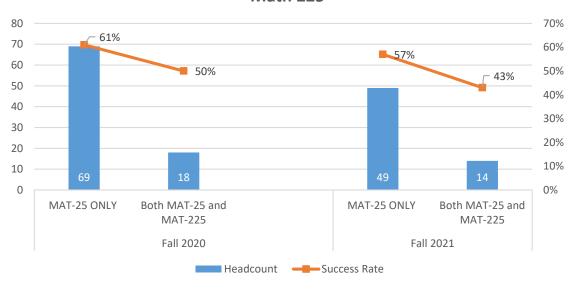
- ➤ More students enroll in MAT-13 than in Mat-13 with MAT-213
- Success rates between the two courses are comparable.
- Success rates for both courses increased from 48% in Fall 2020 to 58% in Fall 2021

Implications:

- Consider providing targeted and/or embedded tutoring for both courses
- > Consider providing case management and student referral system (such as Early Alert)
- Consider creating faculty community of practice
- Consider providing faculty professional development
- Consider reviewing placement polices and practices
- Consider conducting program review employing equity lenses



Headcount & Success Rate: Math-25 vs. Math 25 with Math 225



- MAT-25 enrolls more students than MAT-25 with MAT-225
- The success rates in MAT-25 are
 higher than the success rates in MAT-25 with MAT-225
- Success rates in both courses dropped between Fall 2020 and Fall 2021

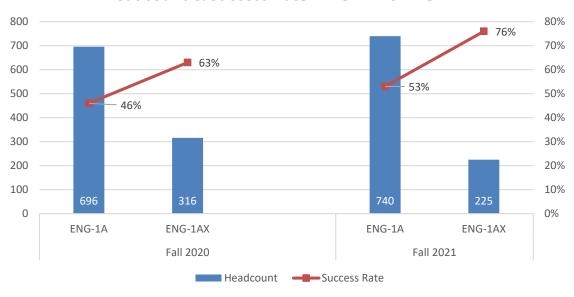
Implications:

- Consider providing targeted and/or embedded tutoring for both courses prioritizing MAT-25 with MAT-225
- > Consider providing case management and student referral system (such as Early Alert)
- Consider creating faculty community of practice
- Consider providing faculty professional development
- Consider reviewing placement polices and practices
- Consider conducting Program Review employing equity lenses

English-1A vs. English-1AX: Headcount & Success Rates







- ➤ ENG-1A enrolls more students than ENG-1AX
- ➤ The Success rates in ENG-1A are much lower than the success rates in ENG-1AX.
- ➤ The success rates in both courses increased from Fall 2020 to Fall 2021

Implications:

- Consider providing targeted and/or embedded tutoring for ENG-1A
- Consider providing case management and student referral system (such as Early Alert)
- Consider creating faculty community of practice
- Consider providing faculty professional development
- Consider reviewing placement polices and practices
- Consider conducting program employing equity lenses

Student Persistence Pattern in ENG-1A and ENG-1AX



C: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in ENG-1A in 2020FA

	FIRST ENROLLED	% FIRST ENROLLED	RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	% RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	% SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	_	SUCCEEDED 1 Year After	% RE-ENROLLED 1 Year After	% SUCCEEDED 1 Year After
ENG-1A in First Term	696	100%	99	32			148	54		
Successful in Starting Term	319	45.8%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	377	54.2%	99	32	26.3%	8.5%	148	54	39.3%	14.3%

D: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in ENG-1AX in 2020FA

CHIOLOGI II ENG TAX III ZUZUTA													
	FIRST	% FIRST	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED			
	ENROLLED	ENROLLED	1 Term After	Term After	1 Term After	1 Term After	1 Year After	Year After	1 Year After	1 Year After			
ENG-1AX in First Term	316	100%	14	4			31	14					
Successful in Starting Term	200	63.3%	0				0	0					
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	116	36.7%	14	4	12.1%	3.4%	31	14	26.7%	12.1%			

Sample sizes for ENG-1AX are too small to make any statistically significant conclusions except the conclusion that course reenrollment rates need to increase.

Student Persistence Pattern In ENG-1A and ENG-1AX



C: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in ENG-1A in 2021FA

	FIRST ENROLLED	% FIRST ENROLLED	RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	% RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	% SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	_	SUCCEEDED 1 Year After	_	% SUCCEEDED 1 Year After
ENG-1A in First Term	740	100%	95	29			144	52		
Successful in Starting Term	390	52.7%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	350	47.3%	95	29	27.1%	8.3%	144	52	41.1%	14.9%

D: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in ENG-1AX in 2021FA

	FIRST ENROLLED	% FIRST ENROLLED	RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	% RE-ENROLLED 1 Term After	% SUCCEEDED 1 Term After	_	SUCCEEDED 1 Year After	[·	% SUCCEEDED 1 Year After
ENG-1AX in First Term	255	100%	10	3			19	5		
Successful in Starting Term	193	75.7%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	62	24.3%	10	3	16.1%	4.8%	19	5	30.6%	8.1%

Sample sizes are too small to make any statistically significant conclusions except the conclusion that course reenrollment rates need to increase.

Student Persistence Pattern in MAT-13 & MAT-13 with MAT-213



A: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in MAT-13 in 2020FA

	FIRST	% FIRST	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED
	ENROLLED	ENROLLED	1 Term After	Term After	1 Term After	1 Term After	1 Year After	Year After	1 Year After	1 Year After
2020FA COHORT	330		23	10			40	23		
MAT-13 ONLY in First Term	240	100%	17	7			30	18		
Successful in Starting Term	112	46.7%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	128	53.3%	17	7	13.3%	5.5%	30	18	23.4%	14.1%
Both MAT-13 and MAT-213 in First Term	90	100%	6	3			10	5		
Successful in Starting Term	43	47.8%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	47	52.2%	6	3	12.8%	6.4%	10	5	21.3%	10.6%

A: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in MAT-13 2021FA

emolieu iii WAT-13 2021FA	FIRST	% FIRST	RE-ENROLLED 1	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED 1	% SUCCEEDED	RE-ENROLLED 1	SUCCEEDED	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED
	ENROLLED	ENROLLED	Term After	Term After	Term After	1 Term After		1 Year After		1 Year After
2021FA COHORT	251		12	4			27	11		
MAT-13 ONLY in First Term	192	100%	9	4			23	10		
Successful in Starting Term	111	57.8%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	81	42.2%	9	4	11.1%	4.9%	23	10	28.4%	12.3%
Both MAT-13 and MAT-213 in First Term	59	100%	3	0			4	1		
Successful in Starting Term	34	57.6%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	25	42.4%	3	0	12.0%	0.0%	4	1	16.0%	4.0%

Sample sizes are too small to make any statistically significant conclusions except the conclusion that course reenrollment rates need to increase.

Student Persistence Pattern in MAT-13 & MAT-13 with MAT-213



B: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in MAT-25 in 2020FA

	FIRST	% FIRST	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED	RE-ENROLLED	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED
	ENROLLED	ENROLLED	1 Term After	Term After	1 Term After	1 Term After	1 Year After	Year After	1 Year After	1 Year After
2020FA COHORT	87		7	1			13	1		
Both MAT-25 and MAT-225 in First Term	18	100%	1	0			2	0		
Successful in Starting Term	9	50.0%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	9	50.0%	1	0	11.1%	0.0%	2	0	22.2%	0.0%
MAT-25 Only in First Term	69		6	1			11	1		
Successful in Starting Term	42	60.9%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	27	39.1%	6	1	22.2%	3.7%	11	1	40.7%	3.7%

B: Tracking the Progress of Students who were placed and enrolled in MAT-25 in 2021FA

	FIRST	% FIRST	RE-ENROLLED 1	SUCCEEDED 1	% RE-ENROLLED 1	% SUCCEEDED	RE-ENROLLED 1	SUCCEEDED	% RE-ENROLLED	% SUCCEEDED
	ENROLLED	ENROLLED	Term After	Term After	Term After	1 Term After	Year After	1 Year After	1 Year After	1 Year After
2021FA COHORT	63		7	2			11	5		
Both MAT-25 and MAT-225 in First Term	14	100%	2	1			4	2		
Successful in Starting Term	6	42.9%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	8	57.1%	2	1	25.0%	12.5%	4	2	50.0%	25.0%
MAT-25 Only in First Term	49	100%	5	1			7	3		
Successful in Starting Term	28	57.1%	0				0	0		
Unsuccessful in Starting Term	21	42.9%	5	1	23.8%	4.8%	7	3	33.3%	14.3%

Sample sizes are too small to make any statistically significant conclusions except the conclusion that course reenrollment rates need to increase.



Equality



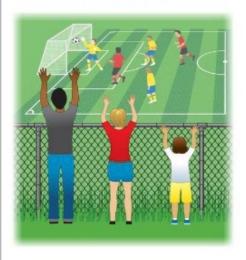
The assumption is that everyone benefits from the same supports. This is equal treatment.

Equity



Everyone gets the supports they need (this is the concept of "affirmative action"), thus producing equity.

Justice



All 3 can see the game
without supports or
accommodations because
the cause(s) of the
inequity was addressed.
The systemic barrier has
been removed.